

MDGs-RELATED TARGETS AND INDICATORS CORRESPONDING TO BELARUS' LEVEL OF DEVELOPMENT

Targets and indicators	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Goal 1. Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger															
Target 1.1. To reduce, by more than three times, the share of the population living below the national poverty line between 2000 and 2015															
Proportion of population with incomes below the minimum subsistence budget (%)						38.4	38.6	32.1	33.0	46.7	41.9	28.9	30.5	27.1	17.8
Target 1.2. To promote employment, while keeping the rate of registered unemployment below 2.5 – 3%															
Official unemployment rate (% of economically active population at the end of the year)		0.05	0.5	1.4	2.1	2.9	4.0	2.8	2.3	2.1	2.1	2.3	3.0	3.1	1.9
Target 1.3. To enable all members of the workforce to earn decent incomes by ensuring a regular increase in real wages at an annual rate of at least 6 – 7%															
Real monetary income growth rate (average growth rate [%] per annum)	12.4	0.2	-19.8	15.6	-17.2	-33.6	13.5	21.6	25.8	-2.5	14.1	28.1	4.1	3.9	9.7
Real wage growth rate (average growth rate [%] per annum)	13.8	3.6	-12.4	-6.5	-30.9	-5.0	5.1	14.3	18.0	7.3	12.0	29.6	7.9	3.2	17.4
Target 1.4. To halve, between 2000 and 2015, the proportion of the population consuming less than the minimum recommended daily calorie intake															
Proportion of population with calorie intake below minimum recommended level (2,440 Kcal) [%]						46.4	44.5	41.9	43.7	45.9	46.2	46.3	46.6	50.2	46.7
Goal 2. Achieve universal secondary education															
Target 2.1. Ensure, by 2015, universal enrollment in general secondary education															
Net general secondary enrollment ratio (ratio of enrolled children of the official age for the general secondary education to the total population of that age)	93.4	93.4	93.3	94.4	94.0	95.3	94.6	93.7	92.8	93.0	93.9	95.9	88.2	89.4	90.2

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Targets and indicators	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Goal 3. Promote gender equality and empower women															
Target 3.1. Eliminate practices of gender discrimination in employment and expand economic opportunities for women															
Economic activity rate for men/women (%)														68.4/ 81.5	
Proportion of women among registered unemployed (% of all registered unemployed)		80.0	81.4	66.3	63.7	64.3	63.8	66.6	66.7	64.2	60.7	60.3	63.3	67.1	66.1
Proportion of women among long-term (ever 1 year) unemployed (% of all registered long-term unemployed)													79.4	80.3	83.0
Average wage of women as a proportion of men's wage (%)						79.1	81.0	74.6	78.0	75.2	81.0	82.7	80.9	79.4	
Target 3.2. Expand women's participation in government and policy-making															
Share of women in the national parliament (%)	4.0					4.0	14.0	14.0	14.0	13.5	18.4	20.2	19.2	19.3	29.9
Share of women among deputies of local councils (%)														44.3	
Goal 4. Reduce child mortality															
Target 4.1. To halve, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate															
Under-five mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	15.2	15.4	15.5	15.4	16.2	16.5	15.8	15.3	14.3	14.8	12.3	11.6	10.9	9.9	9.1
Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	11.9	12.1	12.3	12.5	13.2	13.3	12.5	12.4	11.3	11.5	9.3	9.1	7.8	7.7	6.9

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Targets and indicators	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Goal 5. Improve maternal health															
Target 5.1. Reduce by 2015, the maternal mortality ratio to 12 cases per 100,000 live births															
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	22.0	31.0	21.0	20.0	19.0	14.0	22.0	26.0	28.0	20.0	21.0	14.0	18.0	17.0	17.0
Goal 6. Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases															
Target 6.1. Halt by 2015 the spread of HIV/AIDS, including among the most vulnerable population groups															
HIV prevalence (new cases per 100,000 population)	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.1	10.0	6.5	5.5	4.1	5.3	5.8	9.2	7.2	7.9
HIV prevalence among women (new cases per 100,000 women)	0.04	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.04	0.1	4.9	2.9	2.8	2.7	3.1	3.0	5.3	4.8	5.8
HIV prevalence among 15-24-year-olds (new cases per 100,000 of the total population of that age)	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	50.0	28.6	20.3	13.8	15.8	18.5	28.0	18.3	18.1
HIV prevalence among drug users (% according to the results of the epidemiological surveys)													9.1		10.9
Share of HIV-infected among children born by HIV-infected mothers (%)														12	10
Target 6.2. Reduce, by 2015, the growth of tuberculosis cases															
Morbidity with tuberculosis (number of new cases of active tuberculosis per 100,000 population)	29.8	30.9	33.8	37.3	42.5	44.3	49.3	53.4	55.6	53.6	49.9	47.5	45.0	46.6	50.6
Target 6.3. Decrease, by 2015, the incidence of deaths due to tuberculosis															
Mortality from tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	4.4	4.3	4.2	5.0	5.0	6.4	6.2	6.5	7.0	8.7	7.3	8.3	9.5	10.4	11.1

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Goal 7. Ensure environmental sustainability															
Target 7.1. Develop national and regional prognoses and programmes of socio-economic development with a due account of environmental concerns and the rational usage of natural resources															
Proportion of land area covered by forest (% of total surface area)*			39.6	39.6	39.7	39.9	40.1	40.2	40.3	40.5	40.6	39.0	39.5	39.8	40.2
Ratio of area protected to maintain biological diversity to surface area (%)	5.8			5.1	5.8	5.8	6.5	6.9	6.9	7.0	7.5	7.6	7.8	7.6	7.9
Energy use (kg oil equivalent) per BLR 1 million GDP (at 1995 permanent prices)	339.4	326.6	314.3	296.2	284.1	291.1	284.4	264.8	242.7	221.1	209.4	201.0	189.7	180.1	166.1
Carbon dioxide emissions (tons per capita)**	8.8	8.5	8.1	6.3	4.8	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.0	3.7	3.3	3.5	4.1	3.7	
Target 7.2. Ensure public access to high quality drinking water															
Proportion of population with sustainable access to an improved water source (%)	61.6 (1989)									71.8					
Proportion of population with access to improved sanitation (%)	57.0 (1989)									68.7					
Target 7.3. Provide each citizen with comfortable and energy efficient housing that is affordable in terms of construction and usage															
Housing stock (square meters of floor space per capita)	17.9	18.4	19.0	19.4	19.6	19.7	19.9	20.2	20.6	20.8	21.2	21.6	21.9	22.3	22.6

* Data of State Committee on Land.

** Data of the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment Protection (other green house gases in CO₂ equivalent are not included).